



The University's sustainable (green) public procurement processes are carried out in accordance with the **Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan “On Public Procurement” No. 106-VIII dated 1 July 2024.**

https://www.gov.kz/memleket/entities/adilet/documents/details/735974?lang=ru&utm_source=

In particular, the concept of sustainable public procurement is defined in **Subparagraph 23 of Article 3** of the Law as the procurement of goods, works, and services with consideration of their life cycle and the achievement of social, economic, and environmental development objectives. Furthermore, the development of sustainable public procurement is established as one of the fundamental principles of public procurement under **Subparagraph 8, Paragraph 1 of Article 5** of the Law. The implementation of these provisions promotes the integration of sustainable development principles, efficient resource utilization, transparency, and environmental responsibility into the University's procurement activities.

Article 3

23) Sustainable public procurement – the procurement of goods, works, and services by contracting authorities with the aim of ensuring the optimal and efficient use of funds allocated for public procurement throughout the entire life cycle of such goods, works, and services, while also achieving social, economic, and environmental development objectives.

Article 5. Principles of Public Procurement

1. Public procurement shall be based on the following principles:

1. Optimal and efficient use of funds allocated for public procurement, including through ensuring value for money and an appropriate balance between price and quality of procured goods, works, and services;
2. Equal opportunities for potential suppliers to participate in public procurement, except in cases provided for by this Law;
3. Fair competition among potential suppliers;
4. Openness and transparency of public procurement processes;
5. Support for domestic producers of goods, works, and services to the extent that such support does not contradict international treaties ratified by the Republic of Kazakhstan;
6. Accountability of public procurement stakeholders;
7. Prevention of corruption offenses and conflicts of interest;
8. Development of sustainable public procurement.

2. When applying statutory analogy or analogy of law, it shall not be permissible to impose new obligations on, or restrict the rights of, public procurement stakeholders.

3. Regulatory legal acts of the Republic of Kazakhstan adopted pursuant to this Law shall comply with the public procurement principles set forth in Paragraph 1 of this Article.

Legal Provision	Relation to SDGs
Article 3, Clause 23 (Sustainable Public Procurement)	SDG 12 – Responsible Consumption and Production; SDG 13 – Climate Action
Article 5, Paragraph 1, Subparagraph 1 (Optimal and Efficient Use of Funds, Value for Money)	SDG 9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure
Article 5, Paragraph 1, Subparagraph 2 (Equal Opportunities for Suppliers)	SDG 17 – Partnerships for the Goals
Article 5, Paragraph 1, Subparagraph 3 (Fair Competition among Suppliers)	SDG 8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth
Article 5, Paragraph 1, Subparagraph 4 (Openness and Transparency of Procurement Processes)	SDG 16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions



Article 5, Paragraph 1, Subparagraph 5 (Support for Domestic Producers, Works and Service Providers)	SDG 9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure
Article 5, Paragraph 1, Subparagraph 7 (Prevention of Corruption and Conflicts of Interest)	SDG 16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions
Article 5, Paragraph 1, Subparagraph 8 (Development of Sustainable Public Procurement)	SDG 12 – Responsible Consumption and Production